1. Necessity of pump standardization

As introduced before, pump standardization is "Unite the quality, shape, and the size of a pump with standards. Interchangeability is improved by it." In general, when the pump of a model with a lot of numbers of production is standardized, the advantage grows.

Here, it explains how to standardize a pump by concretely using flow.



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2. Pump standardization flow - items

Pump standardization flow, when picking up items as follows, starts from A and completes by G. Though work is started from A, it advances in B, C, and order. There is an obstacle, it returns ahead, and it corrects. It means like "^TA B C D B C D C D E……]. There is frequently when returns ahead.

- A . Needs are understood
- B. Design specification is decided
- C. Hydro is decided
- D . Details are designed
- E . Technical documents are made
- F. Production drawings and purchasing documents are made
- G . Technical documents for sales are made

Then, let's see details of each item.



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- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - A . Needs are understood
 - (1) Market research
 - (2) Pumps of the other companies are investigated
 - (3) Opinions from estimate section and sales section are investigated
 - (4) Pump grade is decided
 - (5) When model change of pump, past problems and customers' complaints are corresponded
 - (6) Price is checked



- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - B. Design specification is decided
 - (1) Applicable standard is decided
 - (2) Standard and option are divided
 - (3) Handling liquid and its temperature are decided
 - (4) Bore sizes and pump speed are decided
 - (5) Materials of each part are decided
 - (6) Maximum allowable suction pressure and maximum allowable working
 - pressure are decided
 - (7) Design conditions as follows are decided;
 - Design temperature, design pressure, density, K-value,
 - allowable stress of casing, bolt, impeller, key and coupling



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- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - B. Design specification is decided
 - (8) Structure as follows is decided;

Casing split, casing structure, impeller, shaft seal, thrust support,

bearing, coupling, flushing and cover

- (9) Rating and direction of nozzles are decided
- (10) Direction of rotation is decided
- (11) Clearances are decided
- (12) Shaft series and shaft end shape are decided
- (13) Numbers of casing boss are decided
- C. Hydro is decided
- (1) Selection chart is prepared
- (2) Typical performance curves are prepared

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- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - D . Details are designed
 - (1) Calculation of cost
 - (2) Calculation of Thrust
 - (3) Sharing of parts with another model
 - (4) Shaft series
 - (5) Shaft seal mechanical seals, gland packing
 - (6) Coupling
 - (7) Critical speed and deflection
 - (8) Cover flange
 - (9) Shaft strength
 - (10) Bearing life
 - (11) Casing thickness

(12) Structure drawing is prepared

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- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - E . Technical documents are prepared
 - (1) Catalog
 - (2) Performance curves
 - (3) Deviation list
 - (4) Outline drawing, pump drawing
 - (5) Sectional drawing
 - (6) Piping drawing (filling in type)
 - (7) Bearing detail drawing
 - (8) Interchangeability list, spare parts list, special tools list
 - (9) Stuffing box detail drawing
 - (10) Selection of shaft seals



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- 3. Pump standardization flow details
 - E . Technical documents are prepared
 - (11) Noise data
 - (12) Technical data as follows;

Volute type, Impeller max./min. diameters, clearance table, weight list,

casing inner volume, cooling criteria, casing max. dimension,

casing thickness, mechanical seal selection, cut-water diameter,

critical speed and deflection, bill of materials,

allowable nozzle forces and moments, oil list, spacer length

